

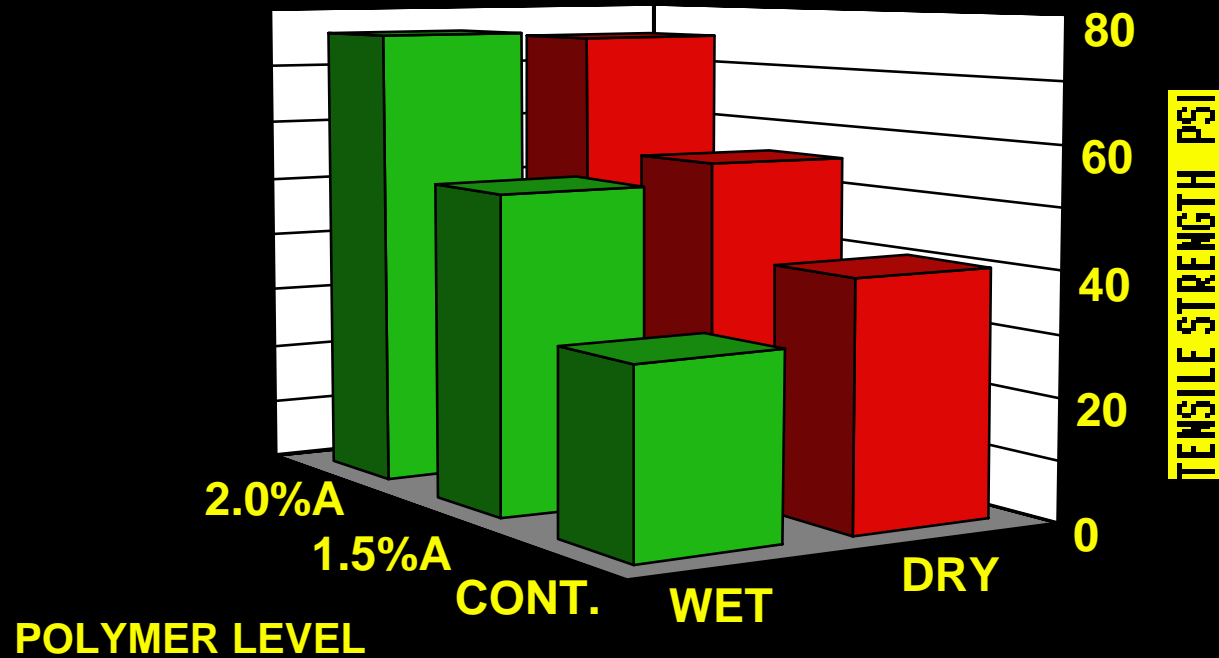
# EVALUATION OF ASPHALT USING LAP SHEAR SPECIMENS

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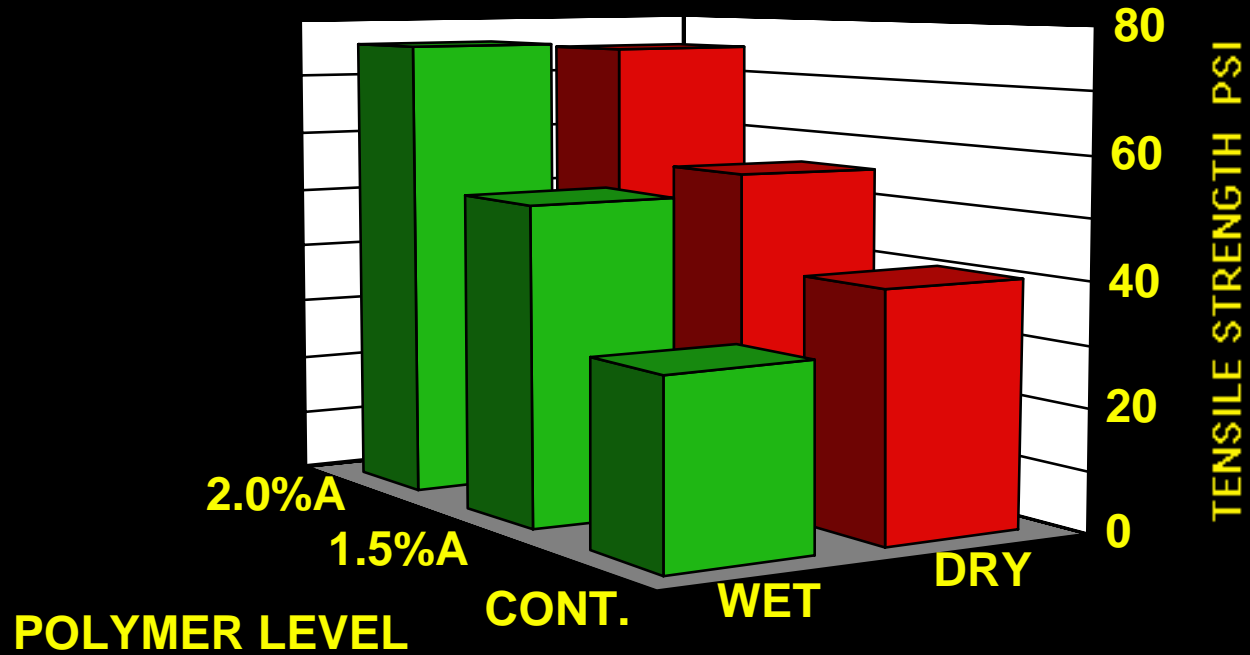
• TECHNICAL PAPER PRESENTED AT THE PETERSEN  
CONFERENCE JUNE 2005

Cheyenne, Wyoming

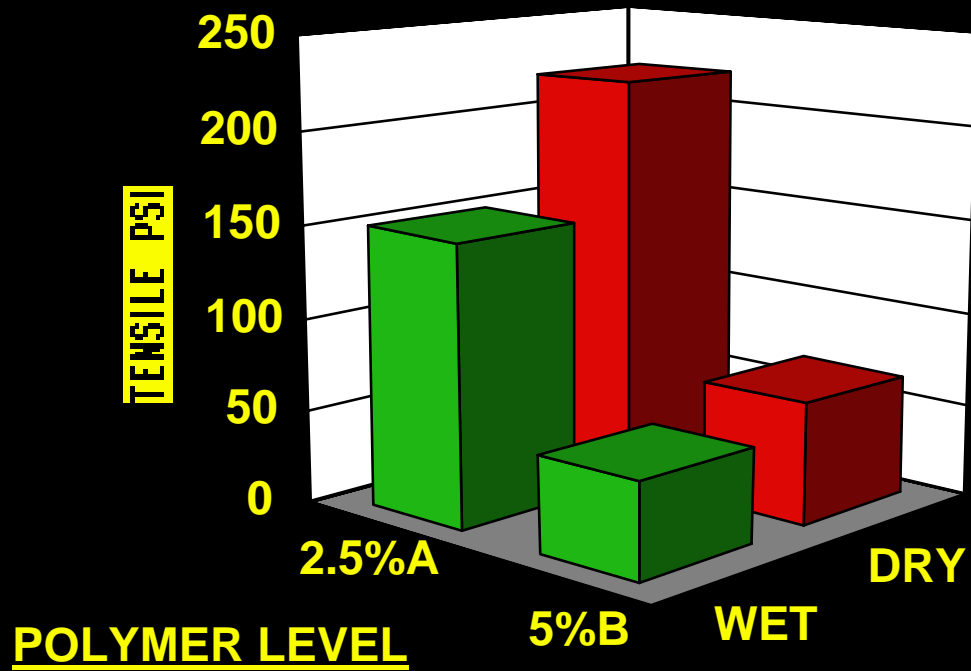
# SPLIT TENSILE STRENGTH LIMESTONE



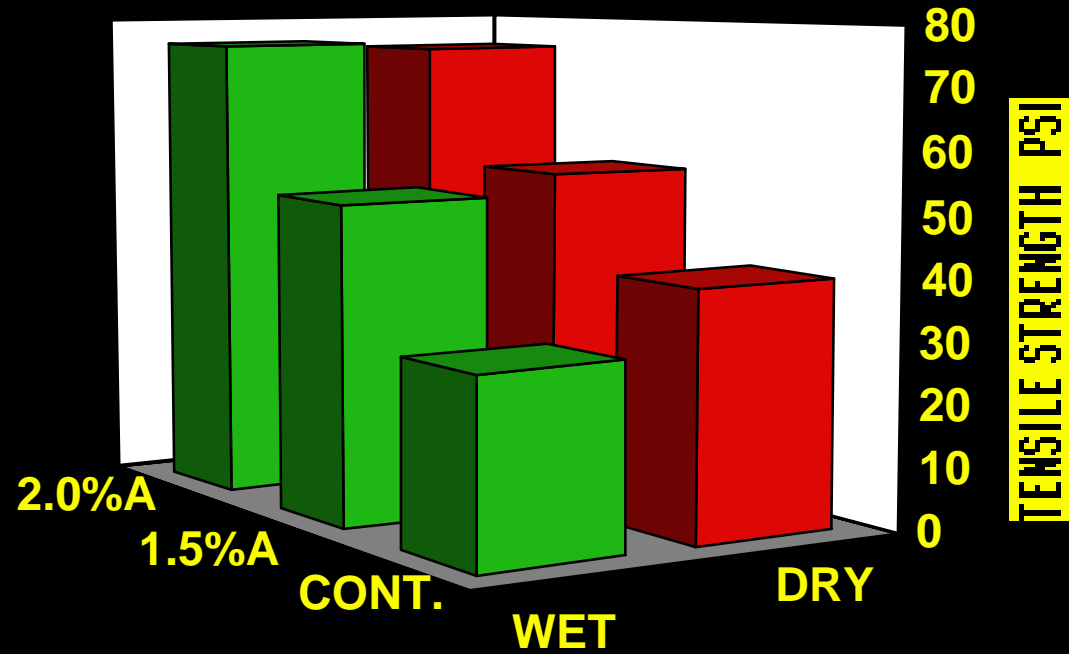
# SPLIT TENSILE STRENGTH LIMESTONE



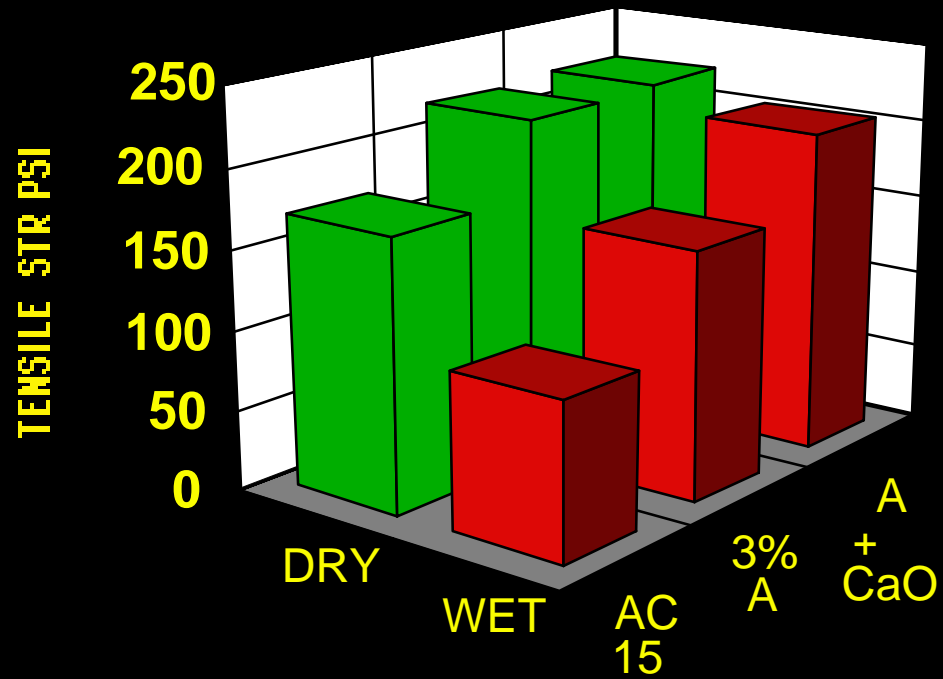
# SPLIT TENSILE ON WATSONVILLE GRANITE



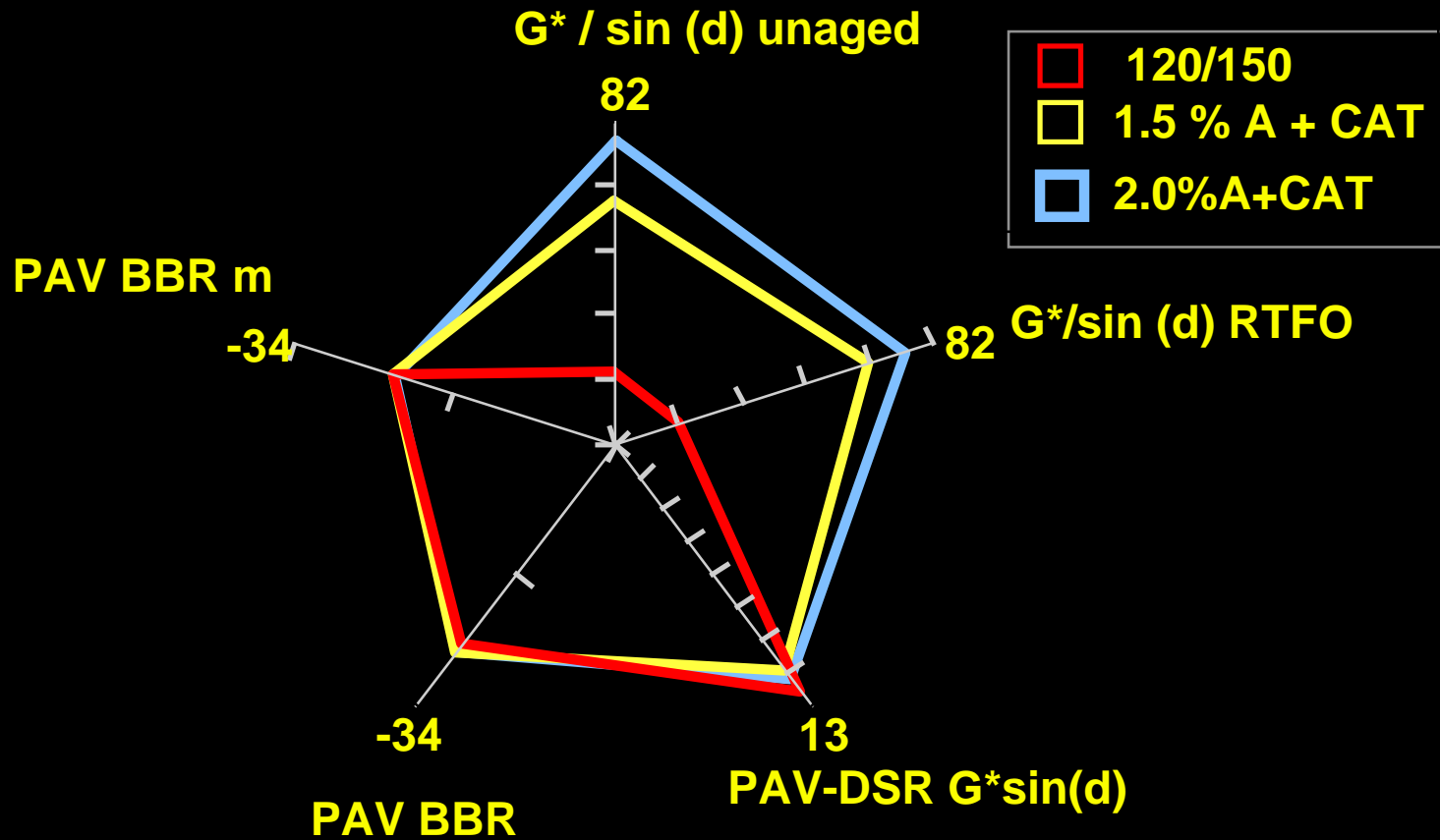
# SPLIT TENSILE STRENGTH LIMESTONE



# SPLIT TENSILE ON WATSONVILLE GRANITE



# A PLUS CATALYST



# ASPHALT PREPARATION

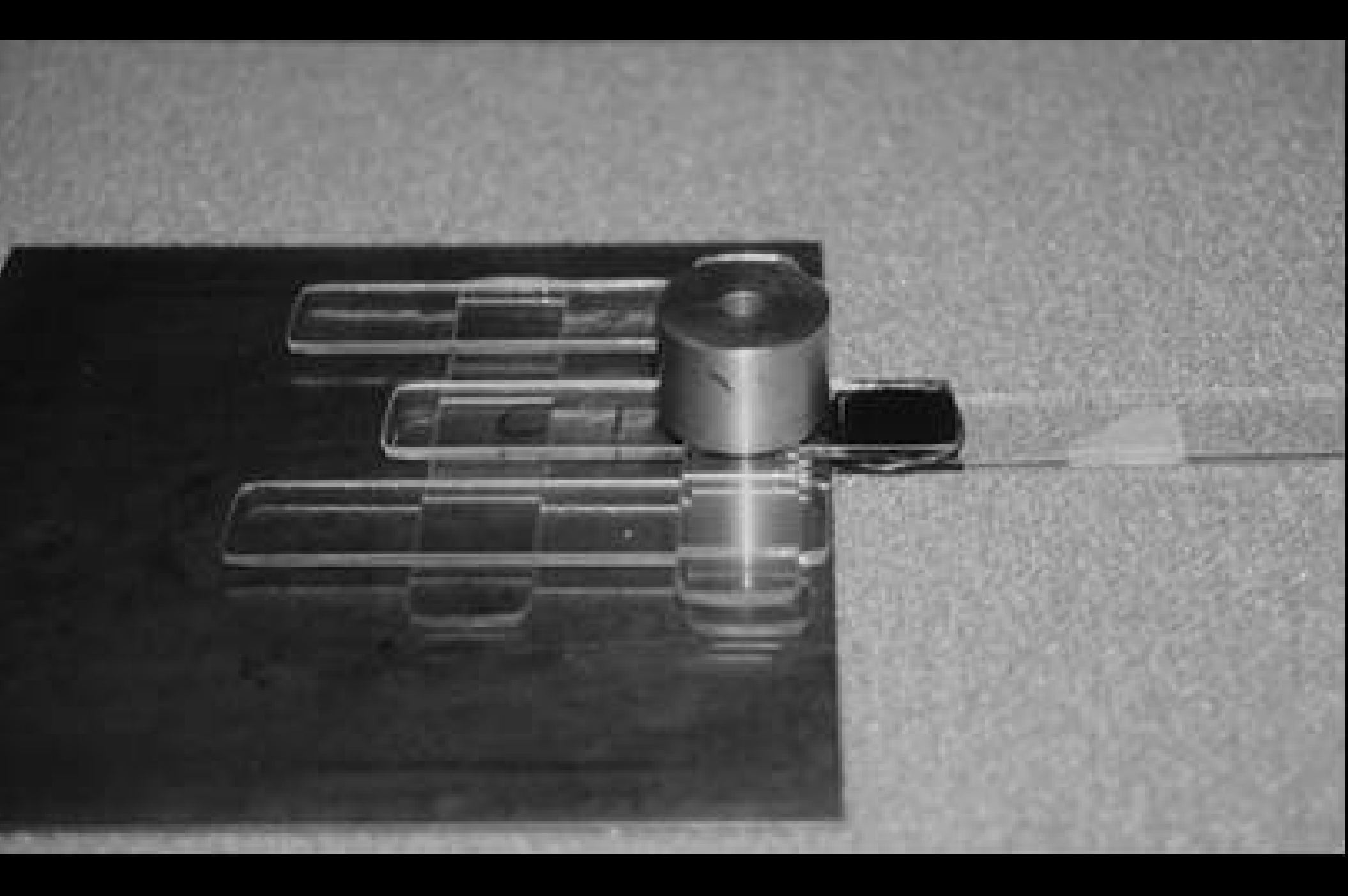
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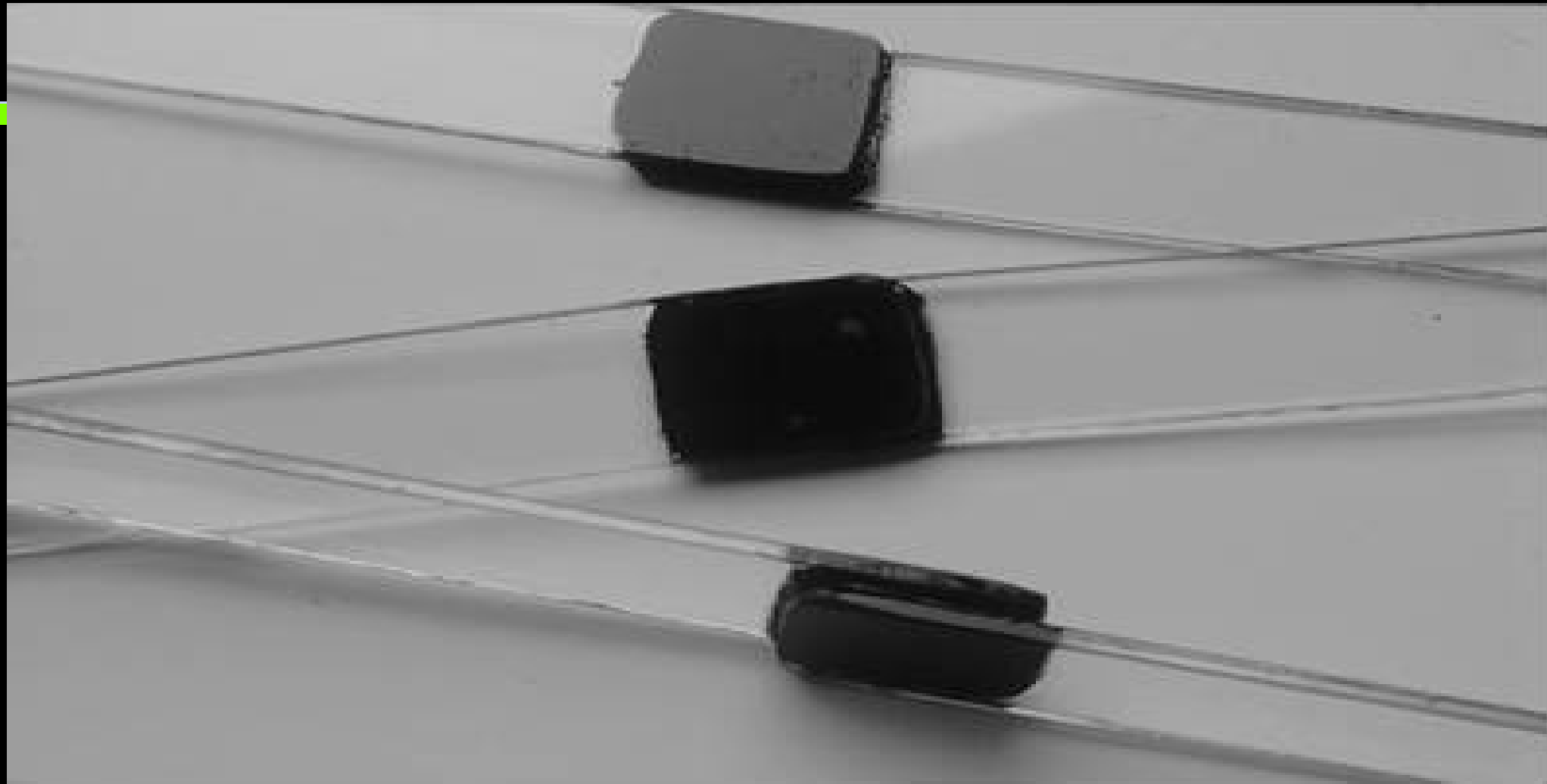
- POLYMER BLENDED AND OR REACTED
- RTFO RESIDUE OBTAINED USING STD CYCLE

# SAMPLE PREPARATION

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- GLASS SLIDES 3 INCHES X 1 INCH
- CLEANED AND DRIED
- HEATED TO 140 C
- OVERLAPPED 1 INCH
- 1 TO 1.2 GRAMS OF HOT ASPHALT APPLIED
- SAMPLES SHIMMED TO 1.6 mm
- 1 kg WEIGHT PLACED ON SAMPLE
- SAMPLED ALLOWED TO COOL
- TRIMMED AT EDGES



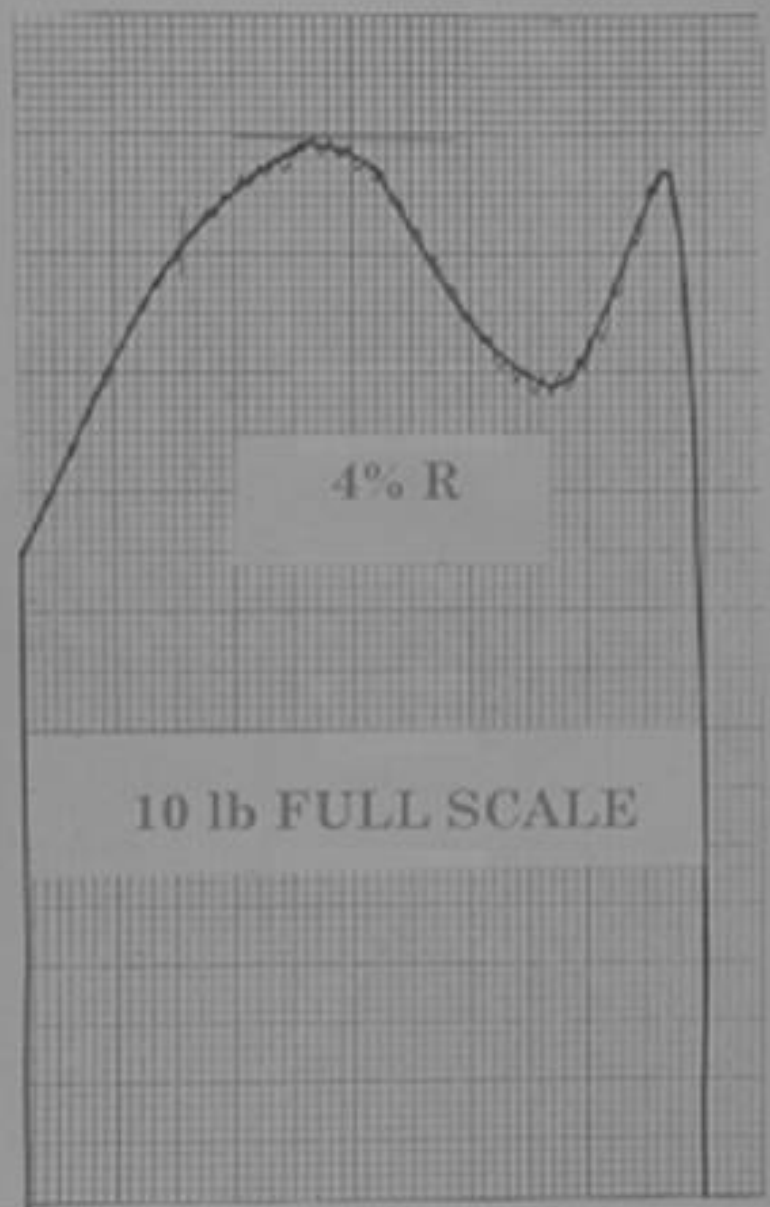


# TENSILE LAP SHEAR METHOD

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- MASKING TAPE PLACED AROUND GLASS
- PLACED IN ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER OF TENSILE TESTER
- PULLED AT RATE OF 0.2 INCHES/ MIN.
- CHART SPEED OF 1 INCH / MIN
- LOW TEMP. PROPERTIES DONE ON METAL

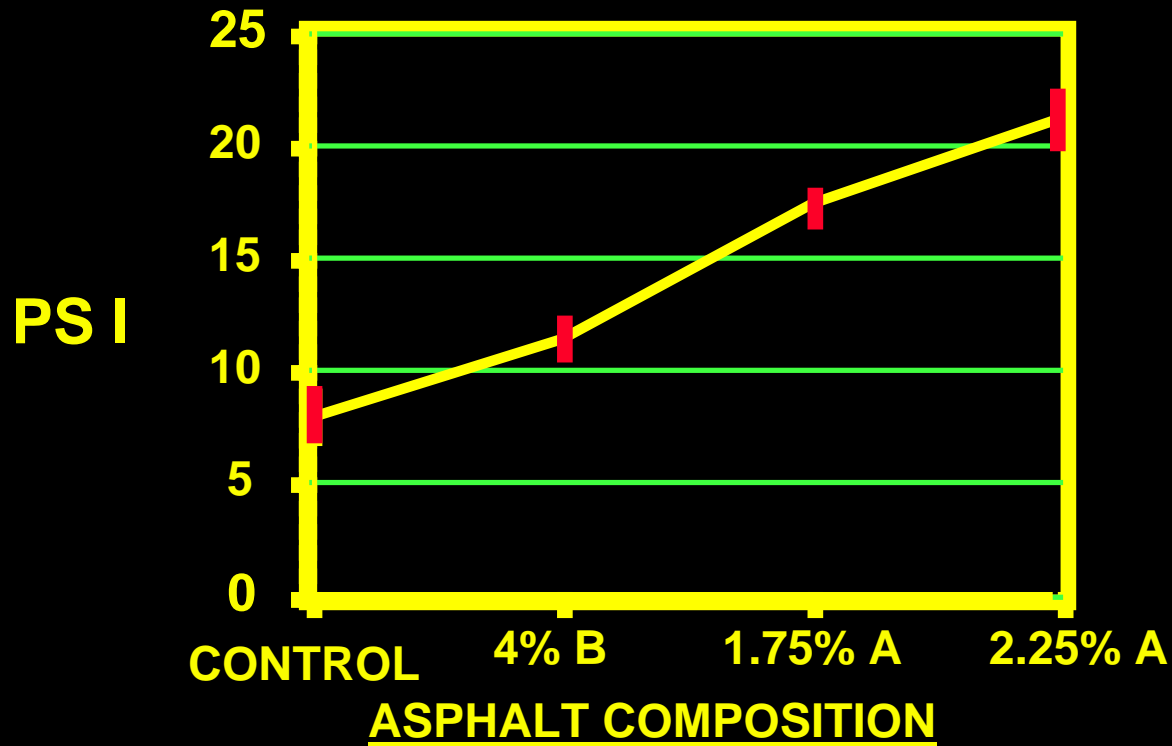




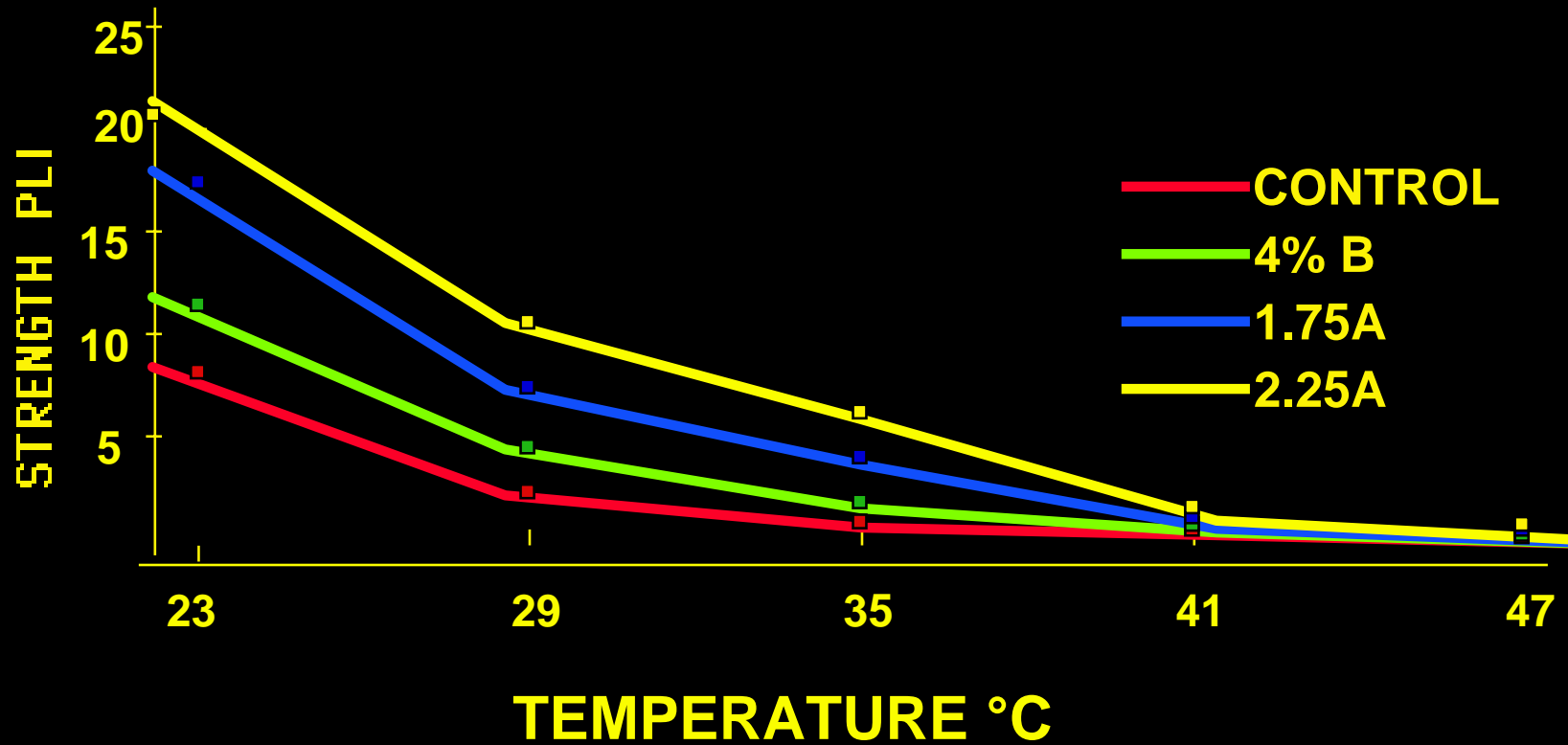
4% R

10 lb FULL SCALE

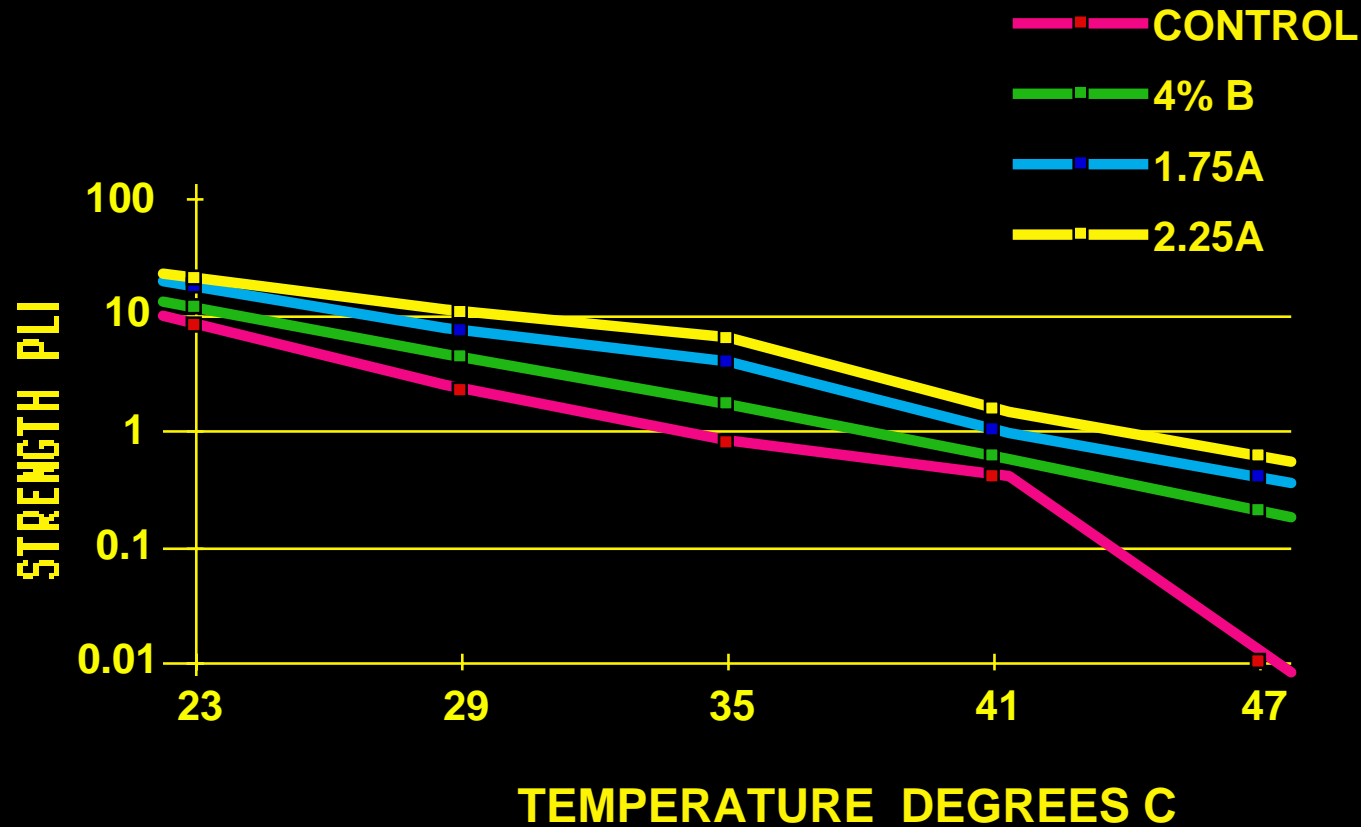
# ERROR BARS FOR LAP SHEAR TEST



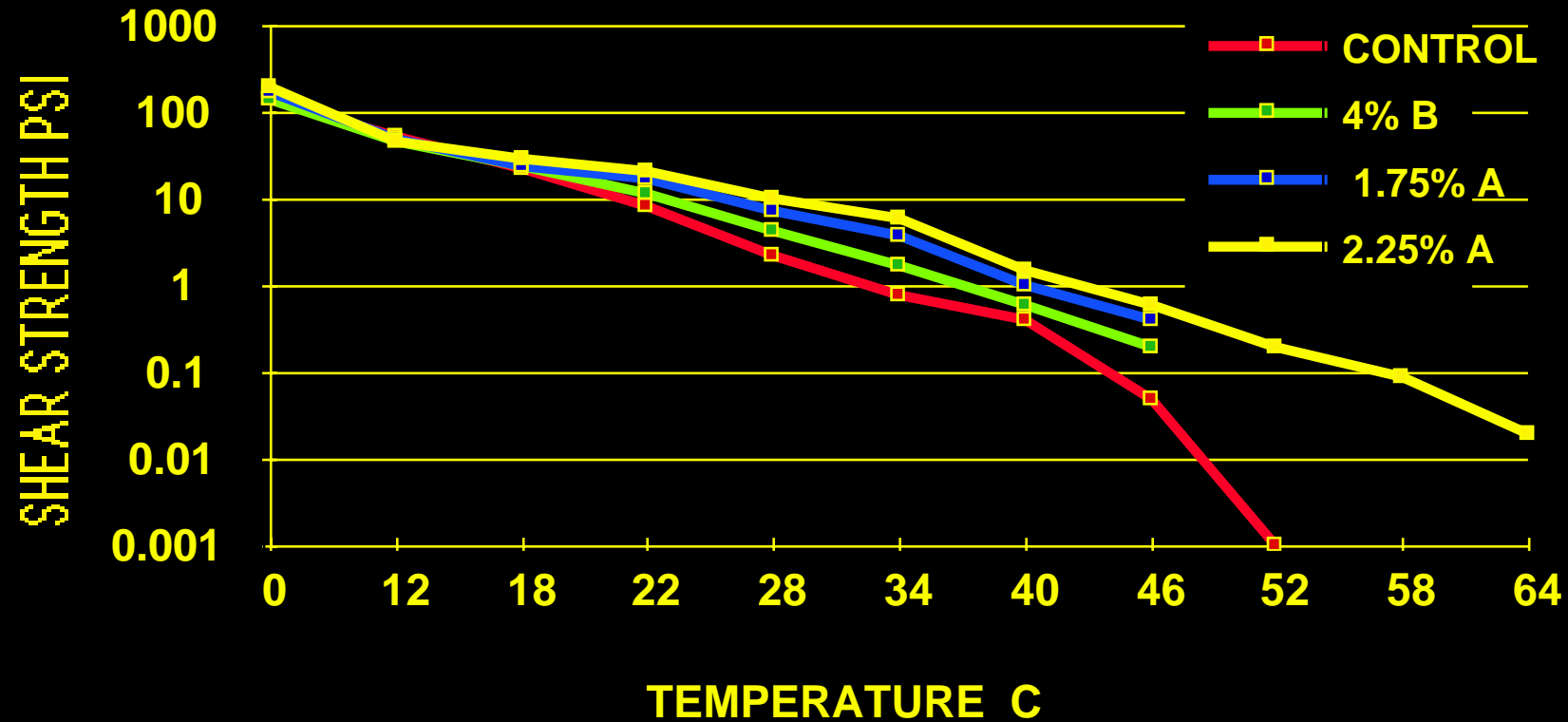
# LAP SHEAR VERSUS TEMPERATURE



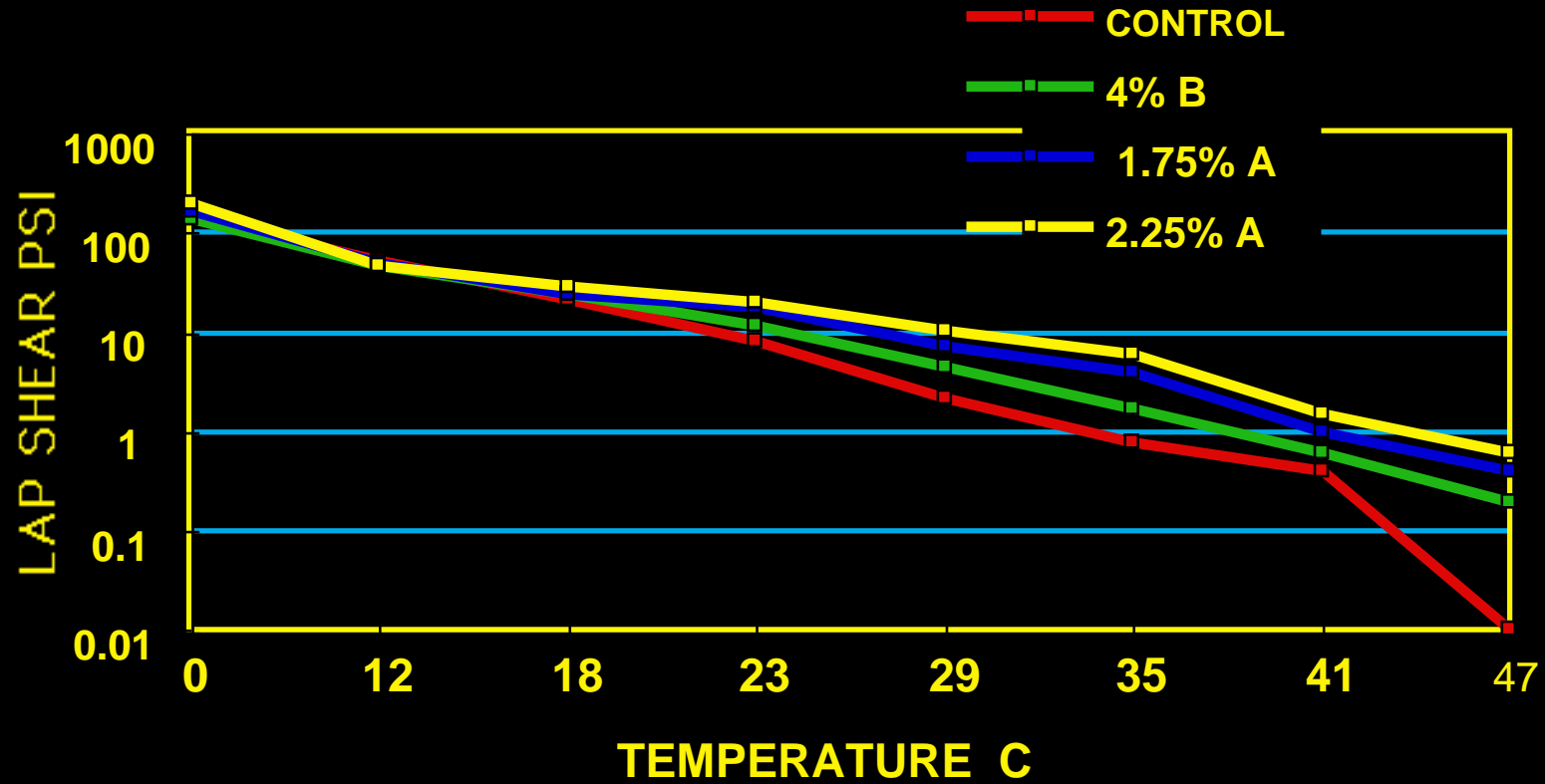
# LAP SHEAR STRENGTH VERSUS TEMPERATURE



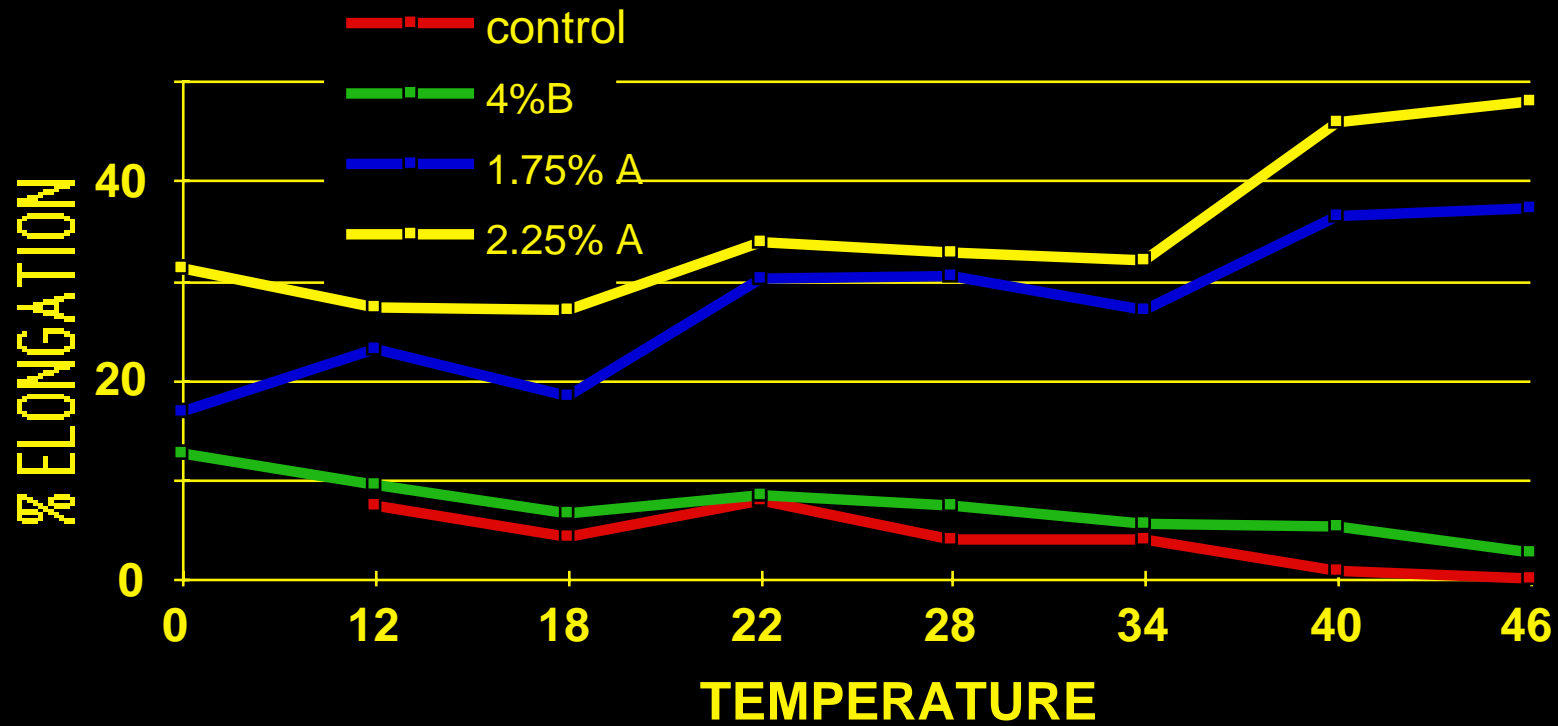
# LAP SHEAR VERSUS TEMPERATURE



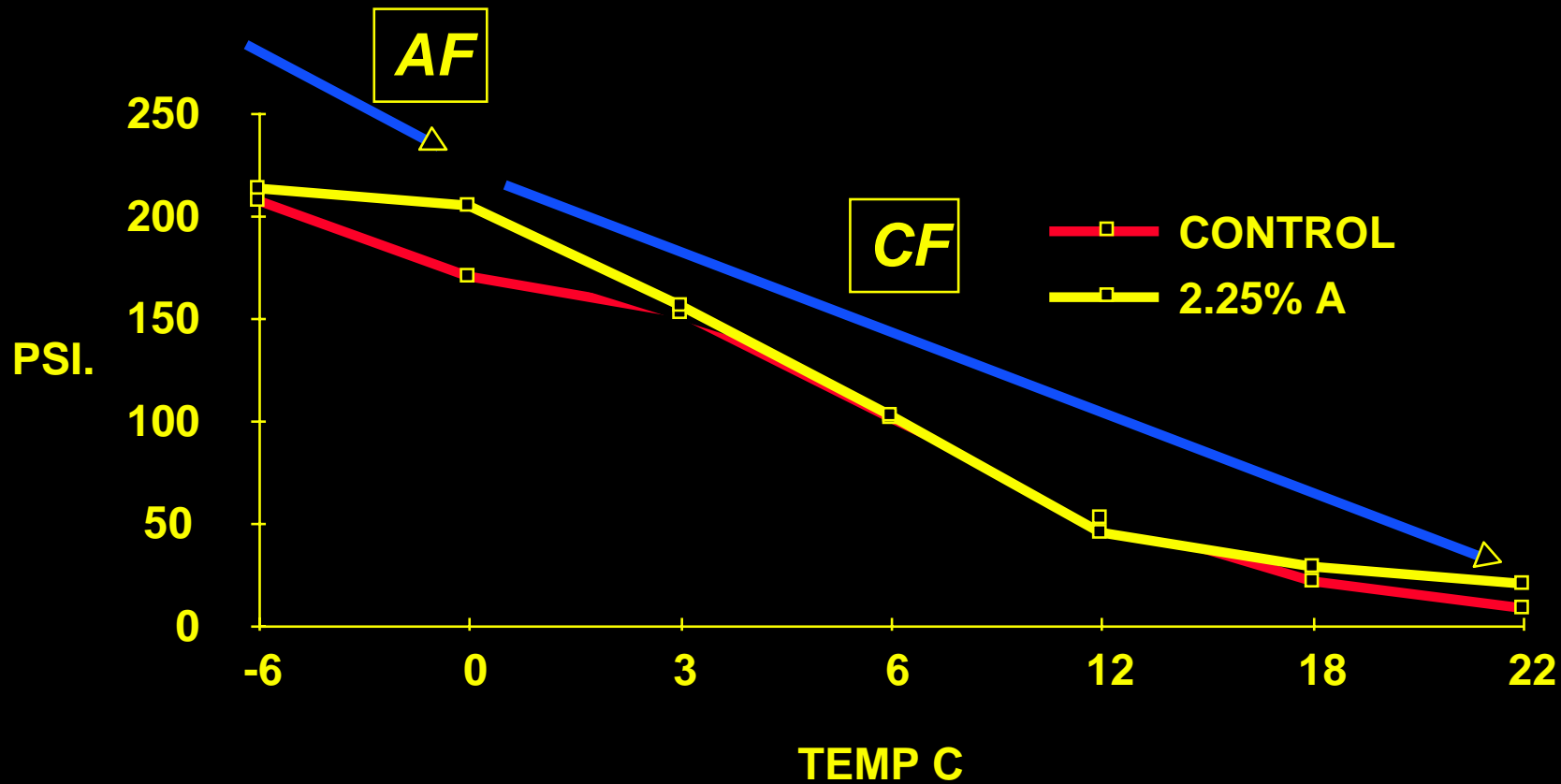
# SHEAR STRENGTH VERSUS TEMPERATURE



# ELONGATION VERSUS TEMPERATURE



# LAP SHEAR VERSUS TEMP

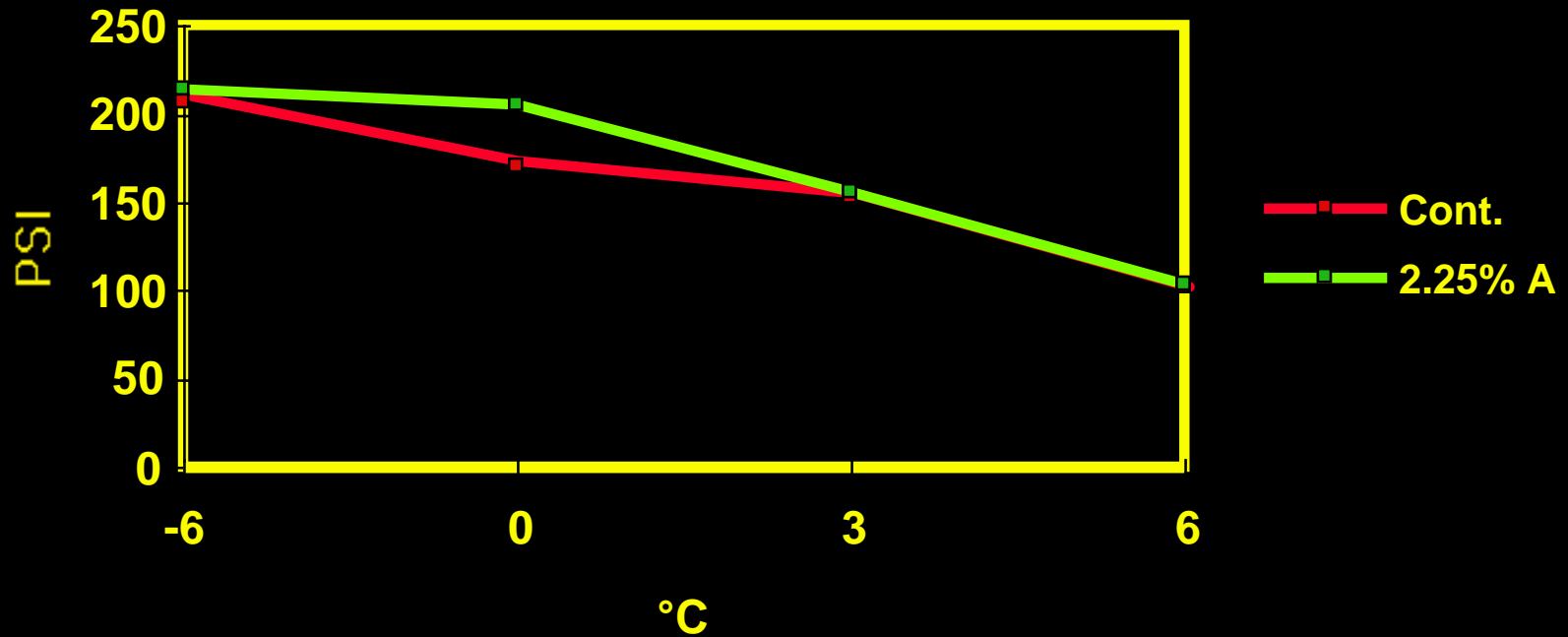


# TRANSITION FROM COHESIVE TO ADHESIVE FAILURE

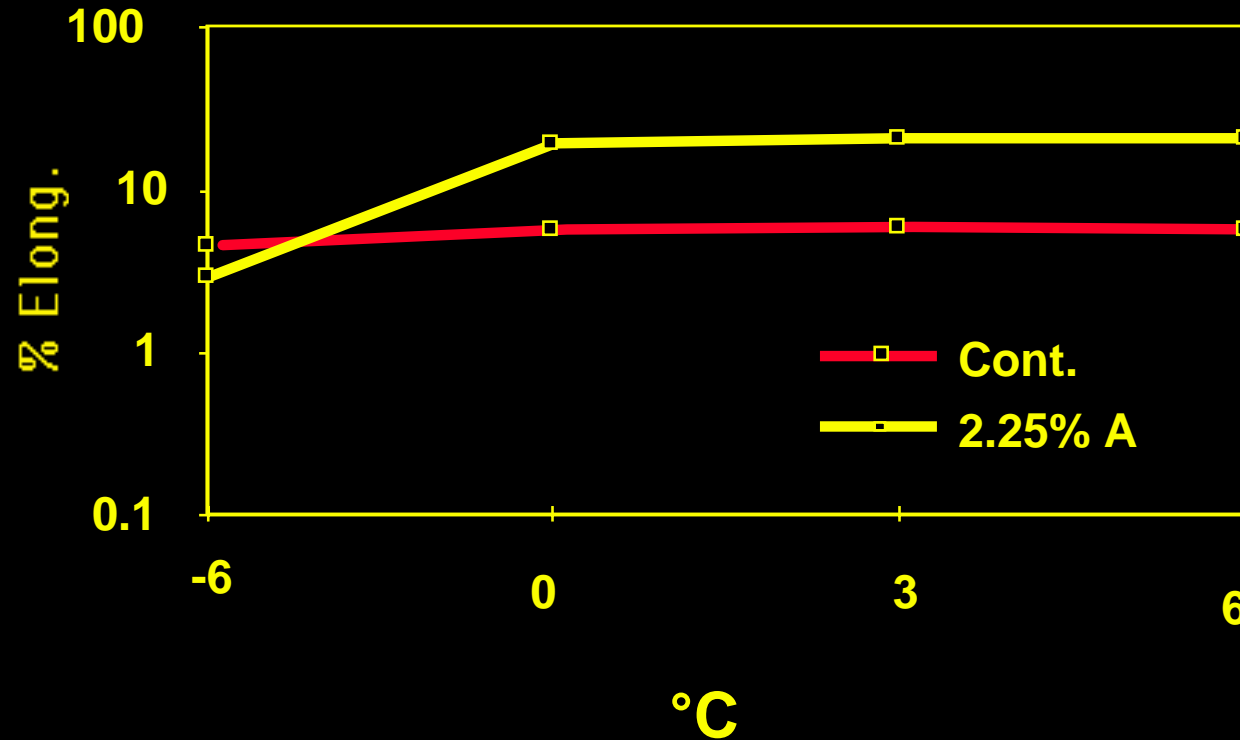
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- TRANSITION HAPPENS AT 6 TO 0 DEGREES C
- GLASS SLIDES BREAK AT ABOUT THIS TEMP.
- METAL SPECIMENS MORE FORGIVING

# LAP SHEAR VS. TEMP. (Metal)



# % ELONG. VS. TEMP. (METAL)

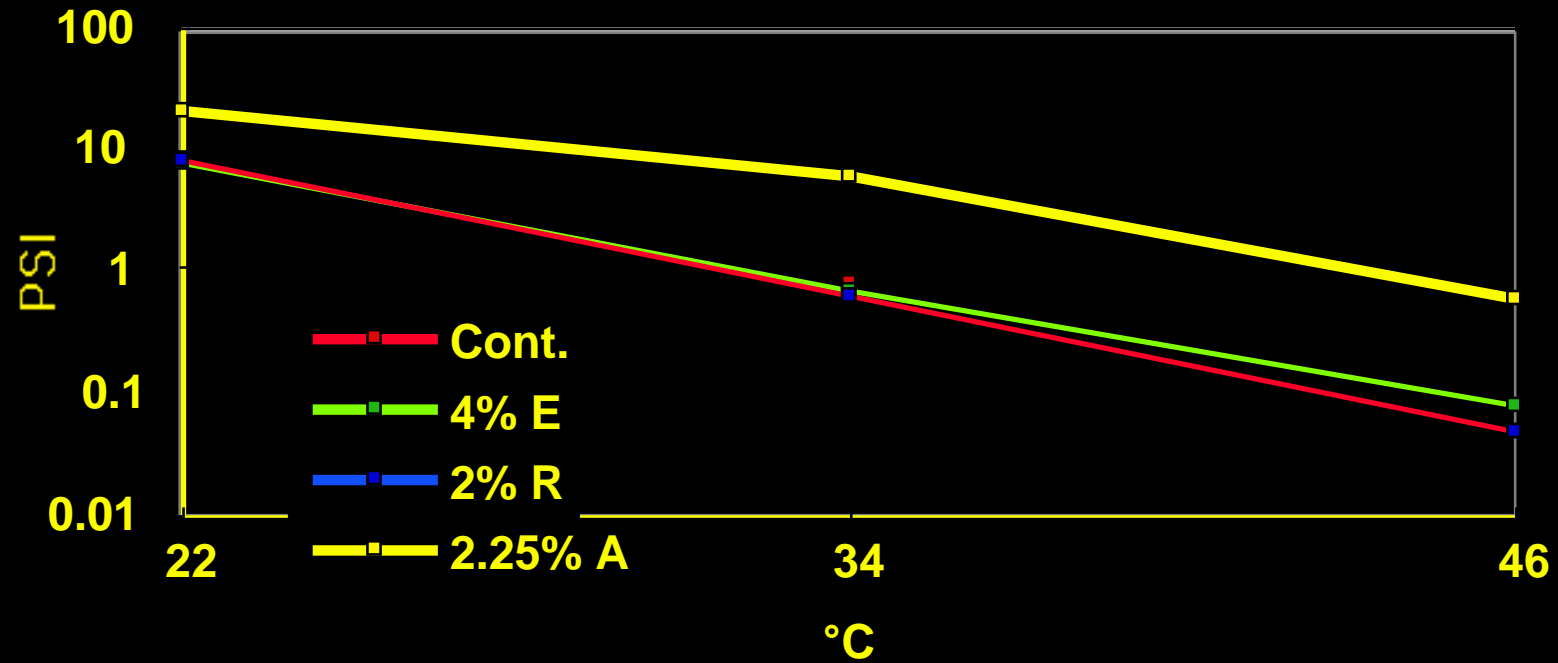


# METAL RESULTS

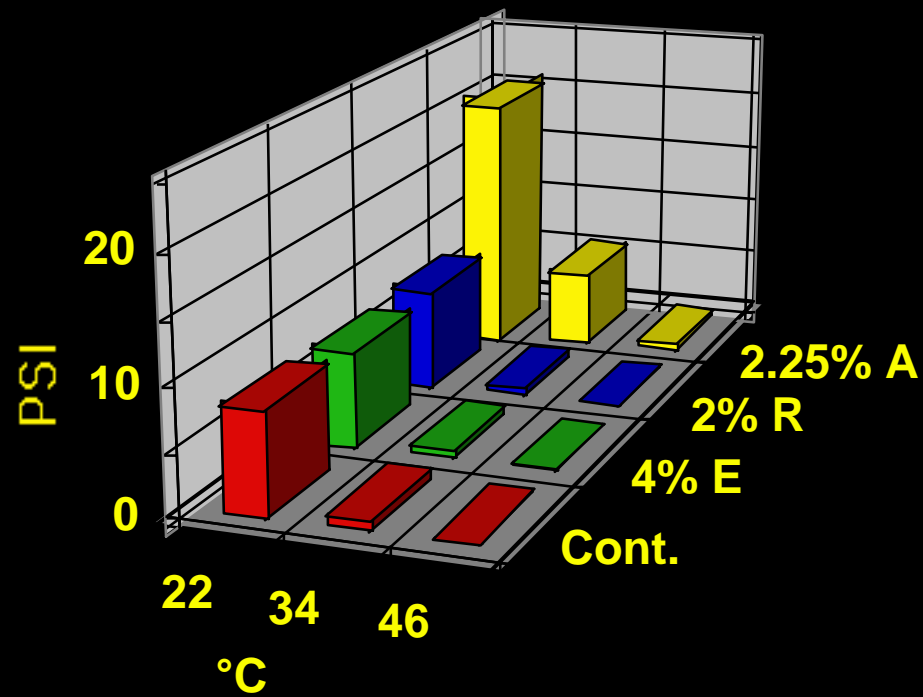
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- TRANSITION FROM CO TO AD BETWEEN 0 AND MINUS 6 C

# Lap Shear vs. Temp.



# Lap Shear vs. Temp.



# STRIPPING RESULTS

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- Begin to loose adhesion after 1 to 2 weeks
- Not reflected in tensile properties

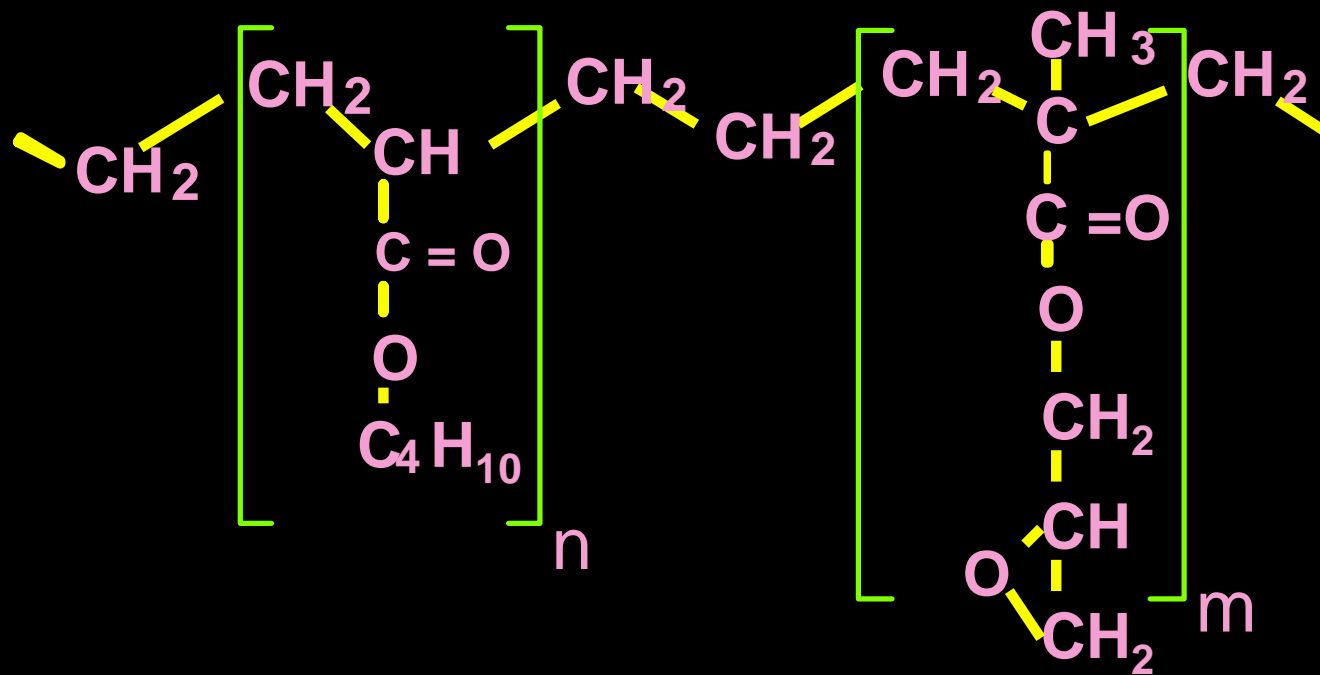
# CONCLUSIONS

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- Lap shear specimens simple to make
- Results in tensile tester are reproducible
- Low temperature and high temperature data available from same sample and same machine
- Shows benefits for polymer modification
- Do results correlate with SHRP ?



# STRUCTURE OF AM

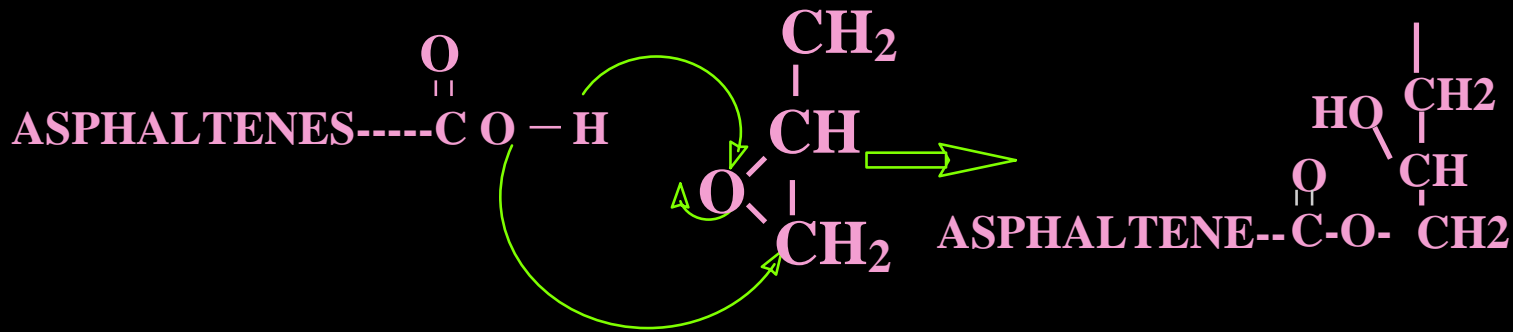


®

ELVALOY AM



# REACTION OF ASPHALTENES WITH GMA



- ADDITION REACTION
- NO SIDE PRODUCTS
- NO VOLATILES FORMED
- STANDARD EPOXY CHEMISTRY

# FUTURE RESEARCH

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- Evaluate granite and limestone substrates
- Evaluate thicker glass
- Evaluate low temp properties
- Look at rough surfaces

# CODE

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- A = ELVALOY AM
- B = SBS
- E = EVA ELVAX 150
- R = SBR